

## Discussion 13: Object-Oriented Programming

### Creating Objects

- a. Your good friend Matthew created some objects in Python, but then accidentally deleted his file! Lucky for him, he still has the output of running his code saved. Use this output to help Matthew reconstruct his original code.

```
>>> x = X(5, 6)
>>> X.foo
123
>>> x.foo
123
>>> x.show_vars()
[5, 6]
>>> x.say_hello()
ERROR

>>> y = Y(3, 4, 10)
>>> y.foo
10
>>> Y.foo
123
>>> y.show_vars()
[3, 4]
>>> y.say_hello()
hello
>>> x.incr_other(y)
>>> y.show_vars()
[4, 5]

>>> z = Z(1)
>>> z.show_vars()
ERROR
```

- b. Now, based on the class you wrote above, what would Python display if you ran the lines below? If any line would cause an error, write "ERROR."

```
>>> new_y = Y(10, 20, 30)
>>> Y.foo += 1
>>> new_y.foo
```

---

```
>>> x.foo
```

---

```
>>> z.foo
```

---

## What Would Python Display?

Determine what Python would output while running the code below. You may assume that each part is independent of the others: the code run in one part is not run in parts after. If any line would cause an error, write "ERROR." You may not need all lines.

```
a. class A:
    def __init__(self, x, y):
        self.first = x
        self.second = y
        print('I have been initialized!')
```

```
>>> a = A(1, 2)
```

---

```
b. class Insect:
    insects = 0
    def __init__(self, energy):
        self.energy = energy
        Insect.insects += 1

    def move():
        self.energy -= 1
        if self.energy == 0:
            print('I am tired!')

    def fly(self, spider):
        self.energy -= 3
        if self.energy == 0:
            spider.catch(self)
```

```
class Spider:
    def __init__(self, energy):
        self.energy = energy
        self.insects = 0

    def catch(self, insect):
        self.insects += Insect.insects
        self.energy += insect.energy
```

```
>>> spider = Spider(0)
>>> insect = Insect(3)
>>> insect.move()
```

---

```
>>> insect.fly(Spider(1))
>>> insect.energy
```

---

```
>>> spider.insects
```

---

```
>>> spider.catch(insect)
>>> spider.catch(Insect(2))
>>> spider.insects
```

---

```
c. class Dessert:
    sweetness = 10
    def __init__(self):
        self.sweetness = Dessert.sweetness

    def eat(self):
        if self.sweetness < Dessert.sweetness:
            return 'Yuck!'
        print('Yum!')
        self.sweetness -= 1

class SuperDessert(Dessert):
    sweetness = 20

    def eat(self):
        print('Yum!')
        self.sweetness -= 1
        Dessert.eat(SuperDessert)

class NestedDessert(Dessert):
    def __init__(self, dessert1, dessert2):
        self.dessert1 = dessert1
        self.dessert2 = dessert2
        self.sweetness = dessert1.sweetness + dessert2.sweetness

    def nest_me(self, dessert):
        print('What have you done')
        return NestedDessert(dessert, self)

>>> macaron = Dessert()
>>> macaron.eat()



---


>>> Dessert.sweetness = 9
>>> cheesecake= SuperDessert()
>>> cheesecake.eat()



---


>>> macaron.eat()
```

---

```
>>> yum = NestedDessert(macaron, Dessert())
>>> yummy = NestedDessert(Dessert, SuperDessert)
>>> yum.sweetness
```

---

```
>>> yummy.sweetness
```

---

```
>>> delicious = yummy.nest_me(yum)
```

---

```
>>> delicious.eat()
```

---

Bonus Questions:

i. What would `Dessert.sweetness` need to be set to for `delicious.eat()` to return 'Yuck!'?

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ii. Complete the expression below to return macaron.

`delicious.`\_\_\_\_\_

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