Warm Up: Starting List Comprehensions

1. Translate the following Snap! code to a Python list comprehension.

\[ x[0] \text{ for } x \text{ in my_list if len}(x) > 5 \]

List Comprehension Practice

fav_numbers = {'Schuyler': 120, 'Matthew': 12, 'Mansi': 7}
nums = [10, 12]

1. Use a list comprehension to return a list of the TAs whose favorite numbers are in nums.

\[ \text{[ta for ta in fav_numbers if fav_numbers[ta] in nums]} \]

2. Write a list comprehension over list_of_lists, which is a list of lists, where each sublist is composed of numbers, that finds the sum of each sublist. To find the sum of a list, you can call sum on the list.

\[ \text{[sum(lst) for lst in list_of_lists]} \]

List Comprehension Practice

In the following questions, we will be writing code to find the index of an item in a list, both recursively and iteratively. For the purposes of this question, you may assume that the item you are looking for appears in the list exactly once.

1. Write the function described above recursively in Python.

```python
def find_index(item, lst):
    if lst[0] == item:
        return 0
    else:
        return 1 + find_index(item, lst[1:])
```

```python
>>> find_index(5, [2, 5, 7])
1
```
2. Now, write it using a list comprehension. You may refer to the item you are looking for with the variable `item`. It may be easier to first write out a for loop to accomplish this task, and then write it as a list comprehension.

```
[i for i in range(len(lst)) if lst[i] == item][0]
```

**Lambda Functions**

1. Write a lambda function called `f` that takes in a number and outputs that number squared.

   ```
f = lambda num: num ** 2
```

2. Now, use a list comprehension and your lambda function `f` to return a list the squares of all numbers between 1-5, inclusive.

   ```
   [f(x) for x in range(1, 6)]
   ```

**Challenge**

What would the interpreter display for the following lines of code?

```python
>>> S = "Berkeley"
>>> S[1:3]
"er"

>>> [x * 2 for x in range(4) if x % 2 == 1]
[2, 6]

>>> ".join([word[0] for word in "Univ of Calif at Berkeley".split() if not(len(word) == 2)])
'UCB'

>>> ".join([word[0] for word in "Univ of Calif at Berkeley" if not(len(word) == 2)])
"Univ of Calif at Berkeley"

>>> f1 = lambda x: x + x
>>> f2 = lambda x: x > 9
>>> [f(10) for f in [f1, f2]]
[20, True]

>>> y = 3
>>> f = lambda x: lambda: x + y
>>> f(2)()
5
>>> g = lambda y: x + y
>>> g(2)
Error: x is not defined
```